Filed: September 24, 2001

Page 4 of 11

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows. This listing of claims replaces all prior versions.

- 1. (Currently amended) An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- a) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 20 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- b) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 30 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- c) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 50 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- d) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 75 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- e) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 100 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- f) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 125 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- g) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 150 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- h) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 200 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- i) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 13 to 15 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- j) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 16 to 21 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;

and

 $\underline{k}\underline{i}$) a nucleotide sequence having at least 95% identity with the nucleotide sequence of any of (a)- $(\underline{i}\underline{h})$ above.

Filed: September 24, 2001

Page 5 of 11

2. (Previously presented) A nucleic acid construct comprising, in the 5' to 3' direction, a promoter operable in a plant cell and the nucleic acid according to claim 1 positioned downstream from said promoter and operatively associated therewith.

3-11. (Canceled).

- 12. (Previously presented) A plant cell comprising the nucleic acid construct according to claim 2.
 - 13. (Previously presented) A tobacco plant comprising the plant cell of claim 12.

14-15. (Canceled).

16. (Previously presented) A method of making a tobacco plant cell having reduced quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase (QPRTase) expression, said method comprising introducing the nucleic acid of claim 1 into the tobacco plant cell to produce a tobacco plant cell having reduced quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase expression as compared to a control tobacco plant cell.

17-18. (Canceled).

19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 16, wherein said tobacco plant cell is a Burley variety.

20-25. (Canceled).

26. (Previously presented) A method of producing a transgenic tobacco seed, comprising collecting a seed from the tobacco plant of claim 13 or a progeny thereof, wherein said tobacco seed-is a transgenic tobacco seed.

Filed: September 24, 2001

Page 6 of 11

27-30. (Canceled).

31. (Previously presented) A reduced nicotine tobacco plant comprising an exogenous nucleic acid comprising the nucleic acid according to claim 1, wherein said tobacco plant has a reduced amount of nicotine as compared to a-control tobacco plant.

32-42. (Canceled).

- 43. (Previously presented) A progeny of a plant according to claim 13 or 31, wherein said progeny is a transgenic plant.
- 44. (Previously presented) A seed of a tobacco plant according to claim 13 or 31, or a progeny thereof, wherein said seed is a transgenic seed.
- 45. (Previously presented) A crop comprising a plurality of plants according to claim 13 or 31, or a progeny thereof, wherein said progeny is a transgenic plant, planted together in an agricultural field.

46-56. (Canceled).

- 57. (Previously presented) A method of producing a reduced nicotine tobacco plant comprising:
- a) introducing the nucleic acid of claim 1 into a tobacco plant cell so as to obtain a transformed tobacco plant cell, wherein said transformed tobacco plant cell has reduced expression of a quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase gene as compared to a non-transformed tobacco plant cell; and
 - b) regenerating the transformed tobacco plant cell into a reduced nicotine tobacco plant.

58-94. (Canceled).

Filed: September 24, 2001

Page 7 of 11

- 95. (Currently amended) An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- a) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 20 consecutive nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- b) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 30 consecutive nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- c) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 50 consecutive nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- d) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 75 consecutive nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- e) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 100 consecutive nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- f) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 125 consecutive nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- g) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 150 consecutive nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- h) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 200 consecutive nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- i) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 13 to 15 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;
- j) a nucleotide sequence comprising at least 16 to 21 consecutive nucleotides of the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1;

and

 $\underline{k}\underline{i}$) a nucleotide sequence having at least 95% identity with the nucleotide sequence of any of (a)- $(\underline{i}\underline{h})$ above.

96-102. (Canceled).

103. (Previously presented) The nucleic acid of claim 95, wherein the nucleic acid is DNA.

Filed: September 24, 2001

Page 8 of 11

104. (Previously presented) The nucleic acid of claim 95, wherein the nucleic acid is RNA.

105. (Previously presented) A nucleic acid construct comprising the nucleic acid of claim 95.

106. (Previously presented) A transformed cell comprising the nucleic acid construct of claim 105.

107. (Previously presented) The nucleic acid of claim 95, further comprising a detectable moiety.

- 108. (Previously presented) A method for reducing quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase expression in a plant cell, comprising transforming said plant cell with an exogenous DNA construct comprising the nucleic acid of claim 95, wherein transcription of said nucleic acid produces a transcribed nucleic acid that is complementary to quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase messenger RNA, resulting in reduced quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase expression in said plant cell as compared to a control plant cell.
- 109. (Previously presented) A method for decreasing the amount of nicotine in leaves of a tobacco plant, comprising:
- a) transforming a tobacco plant cell with an exogenous DNA construct comprising the nucleic acid of claim 95, wherein transcription of said nucleic acid produces a transcribed nucleic acid that is complementary to quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase messenger RNA; and
- b) producing a transgenic tobacco plant from said transformed tobacco plant cell, wherein said transgenic tobacco plant has a decreased amount of nicotine in leaves of said transgenic tobacco plant as compared to a control tobacco plant.
- 110. (Previously presented) A transformed plant cell having reduced quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase expression, wherein said transformed plant cell comprises an exogenous

Filed: September 24, 2001

Page 9 of 11

DNA construct comprising the nucleic acid of claim 95, wherein transcription of said nucleic acid produces a transcribed nucleic acid that is complementary to quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase messenger RNA, resulting in reduced quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase expression in said plant cell as compared to a control plant cell.

111. (Previously presented) A reduced nicotine tobacco plant, comprising:

an exogenous DNA construct comprising the nucleic acid of claim 95, wherein transcription of said nucleic acid produces a transcribed nucleic acid that is complementary to quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase messenger RNA, resulting in a tobacco plant having a reduced amount of nicotine as compared to a control tobacco plant.

- 112. (Previously presented) A progeny of the tobacco plant of claim 111, wherein said progeny is a transgenic tobacco plant.
- 113. (Previously presented) A method of making a transgenic tobacco plant cell having reduced quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase (QPRTase) expression, said method comprising introducing the nucleic acid construct of claim 105 into the tobacco plant cell to produce a transgenic tobacco plant cell having reduced quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase expression as compared to a control tobacco plant cell.
- 114. (Previously presented) A method of producing a transgenic tobacco seed, comprising collecting a seed from the tobacco plant of claim 111 or a progeny thereof, wherein said tobacco seed is a transgenic tobacco seed.
- 115. (Previously presented) A seed of a tobacco plant according to claim 111 or a progeny thereof, wherein said seed is a transgenic seed.

Filed: September 24, 2001

Page 10 of 11

116. (Previously presented) A crop comprising a plurality of plants according to claim 111, or a progeny thereof, wherein said progeny is a transgenic plant, planted together in an agricultural field.

- 117. (Previously presented) A method of producing a reduced nicotine tobacco plant comprising:
- a) introducing the nucleic acid construct of claim 105 into a tobacco plant cell so as to obtain a transformed tobacco plant cell, wherein said transformed tobacco plant cell has reduced expression of a quinolate phosphoribosyl transferase gene as compared to a non-transformed tobacco plant cell; and
 - b) regenerating the transformed tobacco plant cell into a reduced nicotine tobacco plant.